

# Tensions and Transformations: EDI in a Diverse Urban School Division

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Aim: To explore how EDI is lived in a school division - not just declared



#### **Research Questions**

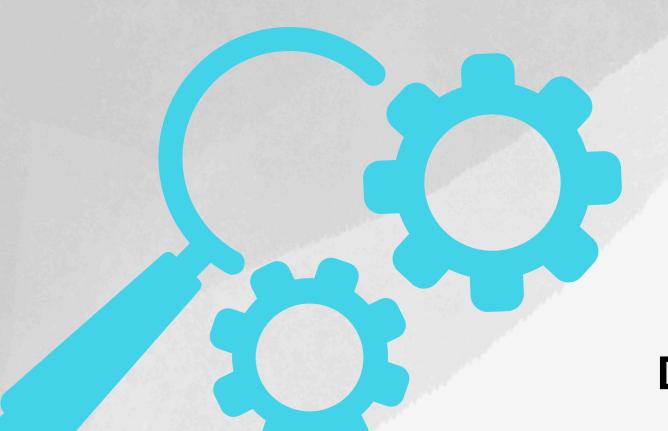
How do individuals in different roles in the school division experience EDI?

Where is EDI meaningfully embedded and where does it fall short?

What systemic tensions and transformative opportunities emerge?



- Critical Race Theory (Bell, 1992)
- Intersectionality (Crenshaw, 1989)
- Ecology of Inclusive Education (Anderson et al., 2014)
- Collective Efficacy (Bandura, 1977, 2000; Goddard et al., 2004)



#### Methods

**Design: Mixed Methods** 

**Tools: Adapted survey + 6 Focus Groups** 

Participants: 29 Survey Respondents + 23 Focus Group Participants

Purpose: To understand how EDI is enacted systemically and relationally



### **Descriptive Statistics by Dimension**

Subscale	Min	Max	Mean	SD
Dimension 1	3.52	4.45	4.06	0.58
Dimension 2	2.93	4.14	3.68	0.69
Dimension 3	2.76	4.24	3.68	0.74
Dimension 4	2.59	4.04	3.34	0.77
Dimension 5	2.81	4.37	3.65	0.68





### **Focus Group Themes**

- Administrators
- Clinicians
- Educational Assistants
- Parents/Caregivers
- Students
- Teachers

## Integrated Themes (System Level Tensions)

"Stakeholders shared a strong commitment to EDI, but face five systemic tensions: Uneven implementation, inequitable access to supports, structural barriers, stretched capacity, and unclear leadership accountability."



- Develop a shared EDI framework
- Address structural accessibility
- Advance representative and inclusive hiring
- Embed EDI into professional learning
- Integrate EDI into leadership accountability



EDI lives in the space between knowing and doing. Tensions, when held with care and courage, can become the starting point for transformation.

# THANKYOU

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